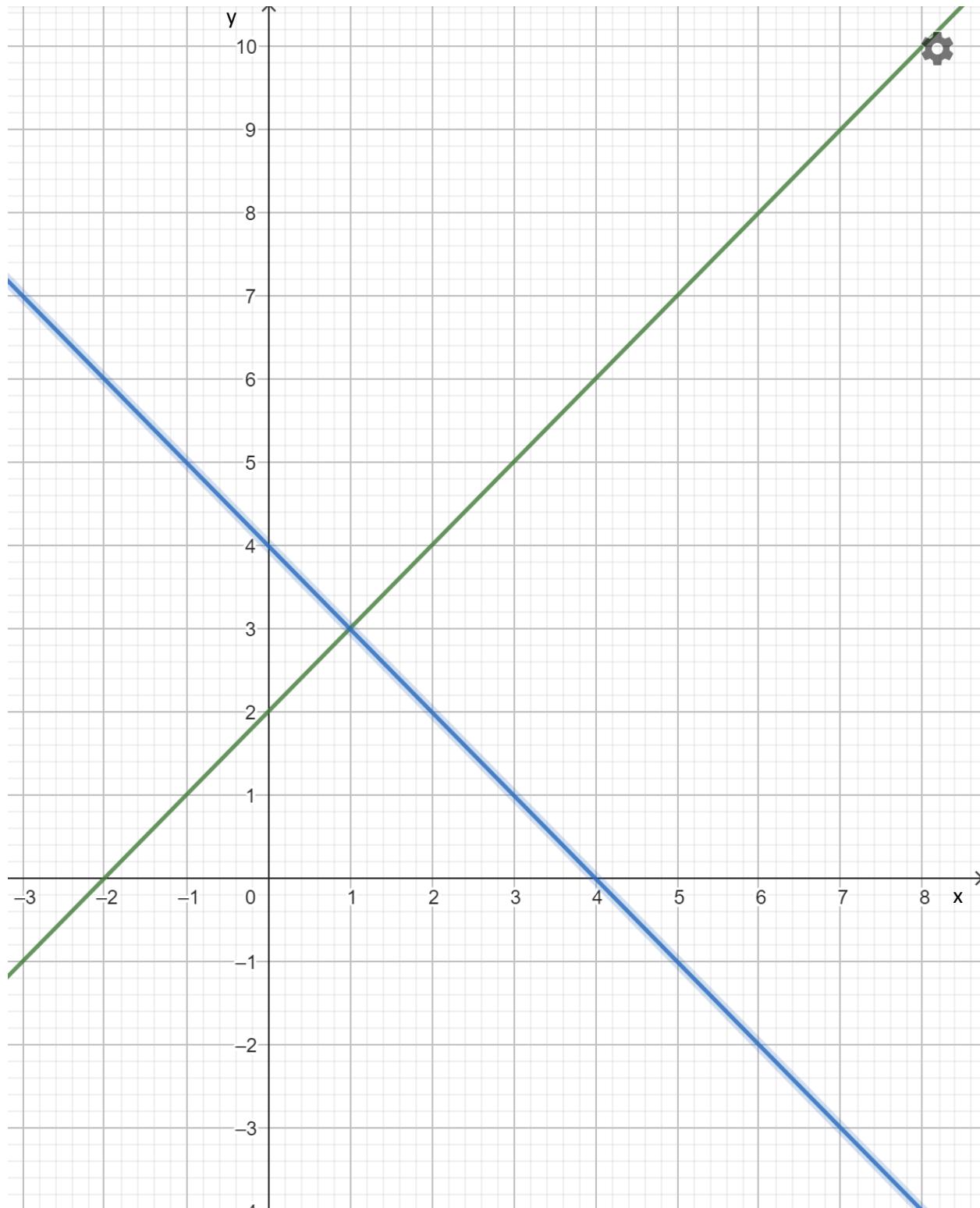


Übung und WDH

Tägliche Übung

Löse folgende LGS zeichnerisch!

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} y = x + 2 \\ y = -x + 4 \end{array} \right| \quad \begin{array}{ll} m = 1 & n = 2 \\ m = -1 & n = 4 \end{array} \quad L = \{(1|3)\}$$



$$\left| \begin{array}{l} 2y - 4x = 2 \\ y = 2x + 1 \end{array} \right| \quad \begin{array}{ll} 2y - 4x = 2 & /+4x \\ 2y = 4x + 2 & /:2 \\ y = 2x + 1 & \end{array} \quad \text{identisch, unendlich viele Lösungen}$$

$$L = \{(x|y) \mid y = 2x + 1\}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} 3y - 6x = -3 \\ y = 2x + 2 \end{array} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} 3y - 6x = -3 \quad /+6x \\ 3y = 6x - 3 \quad /:3 \\ y = 2x - 1 \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} m_1 = m_2 \\ \text{parallel} \\ \text{keine L\"osung} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} n_1 \neq n_2 \\ L = \{\} \end{array}$$

LGS - L\"osen durch Rechnung

Einsetzungsverfahren

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} x + y = 10 \\ 2x + 4y = 33 \end{array} \right| \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{l. } x + y = 10 \text{ umstellen} \quad /-x \\ y = 10 - x \quad \text{in II. einsetzen} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 3,5 \\ \text{L} = \{(3,5 | 6,5)\} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{II. } 2x + 4y = 33 & \text{l. } x + y = 10 \\ 2x + 4(10 - x) = 33 & 3,5 + y = 10 \quad /-3,5 \\ 2x + 40 - 4x = 33 & y = 6,5 \\ 2x + 40 = 33 & \quad /-40 \\ 2x = 7 & \quad /:2 \\ x = 3,5 & \quad \text{in I. einsetzen} \end{array}$$

Übung

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} x + y = 4 \\ 2x - 2 = y \end{array} \right| \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{l. } x + y = 4 \quad /-x \\ y = 4 - x \quad \text{in II. einsetzen} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ \text{L} = \{(2 | 2)\} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{II. } 2x - 2 = y & \text{l. } x + y = 4 \\ 2x - 2 = 4 - x \quad /+2 & 2 + y = 4 \quad /-2 \\ 2x = 6 - x & y = 2 \\ 3x = 6 & \quad /:3 \\ x = 2 & \quad \text{in I.} \end{array}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} x + y = 6 \\ 5y + 5 = 2x \end{array} \right| \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{l. } x + y = 6 \quad /-x \\ y = 6 - x \quad \text{in II. einsetzen} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 5 \\ \text{L} = \{(5 | 1)\} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{II. } 5y + 5 = 2x & \text{l. } x + y = 6 \\ \text{II. } 5(6 - x) + 5 = 2x & 5 + y = 6 \quad /-5 \\ 30 - 5x + 5 = 2x & y = 1 \\ 35 = 7x \quad /:7 & \\ x = 5 & \quad \text{in I.} \end{array}$$